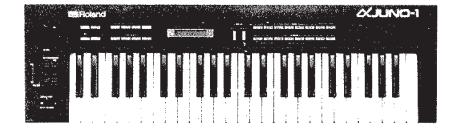


MIDI PROGRAMMABLE POLYPHONIC SYNTHESIZER



Owner's Manual



- The α JUNO-1 is 49 key, 6 voice polyphonic, fully programmable synthesizer.
- The Liquid Crystal Display and the α Dial serve to make the editing operation quicker and more accurate.
- The Tone Modify Function of the α JUNO allows you to edit the tone color easily to your taste.
- Provided with MIDI Connectors, the α JUNO can be set up with other MIDI devices.
- Dynamics or Aftertouch effect cannot be obtained by playing the α JUNO-1, but using a foot control or relevant MIDI messages, those effects can be available.

Bescheinigung des Herstellers /Importeurs Hiermit wird bescheinigt, deß der/die/das ROLAND POLYPHONIC SYNTHESIZER JU-1 (Gest. Tva. Bezeichnung) In Übereinstimmung mit den Bestimmungen der Amtsbl. Vfg 1046 / 1984 IAmtsblattverfogung! funk-entstört ist. Der Deutschen Bundespost wurde das Inverkehrbringen dieses Gerätes angezeigt und die Berechtigung zur Überprüfung der Serie auf Einhaltung der Bestimmungen eingeräumt. Roland Corporation Osaka / Japan

Name des Herstellers/importeurs

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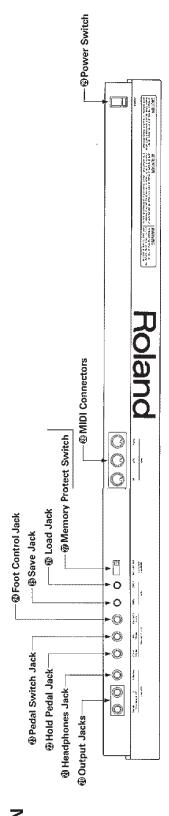
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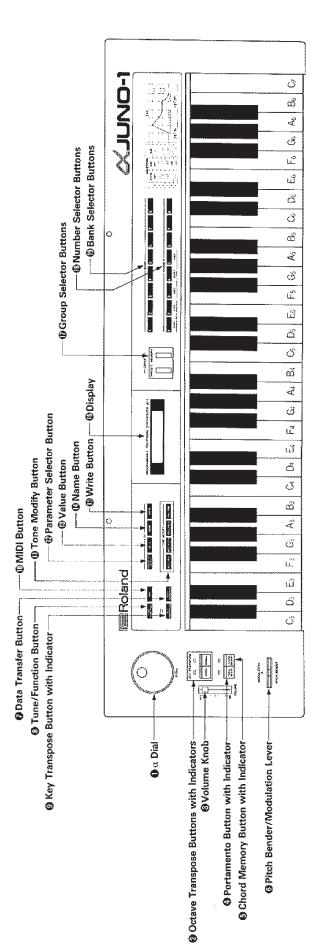
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Please read the separate volume "MIDI", before reading this owner's manual.

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1 PANEL DESCRIPTION





-IMPORTANT NOTES-

POWER

- The appropriate power supply for this unit is shown on its name plate. Please make sure that the line voltage in your country meets that.
- When setting up the α JUNO with an external amplifier, turn both of them off, plug the α JUNO in first, then the amplifier.
- If this unit might not work properly when turned on immediately after turned off. If this happens, simply turn it off, and turn it on again after a few
- This unit might get hot while operating, but there is no need to worry about it.

CLEANING

 Clean the unit with only soft cloth and mild detergent.

Operating the a JUNO near a neon or fluorescent iamp may cause noise interference. If so, change the angle or position of the a JUNO,
 Avoid using the a JUNO in excessive heat or humidity or where it may be affected by direct.

OCATION

Do not use solvents such as THINNER.

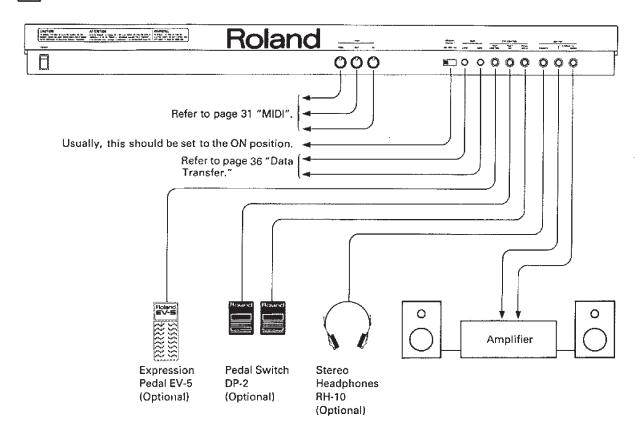
OTHER NOTES

sunlight or dust.

- The α JUNO is a 6 voice synthesizer, therefore if 6 keys are simultaneously pressed, no more key will sound.
- The α JUNO's memory back-up system is fully supported by a battery. Normally, the battery replacement is required every five years, but the first replacement may be needed even before that depending how many months had passed before you bought it. Please ask for your local Roland dealer for replacement, when the Display responds with as shown below.

Indeped aben

2 Connection



Radio and television interference

"Warning — This equipment has been verified to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J, of Part 15, of FCC rules. Operation with non-certified or non-verified equipment is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception."

The equipment described in this manual generates and uses radio-frequency energy. If it is not installed and used properly, that is, in strict accordance with our instructions, it may cause interference with radio and television reception.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device in accordance with the specifications in Subpart J, of Part 15, of FCC Rules. These rules are designed to provide reasonable protection against such an interference in a residential installation.

However, there is no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by the following measure:

 Disconnect other devices and their input/output cables one at time. If the interference stops, it is caused by either the other device or its I/O cable.

These devices usually require Roland designated shielded I/O cables. For Roland devices, you can obtain the proper shielded cable from your dealer. For non Roland devices, contact the manufacturer or dealer for assistance.

If your equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, you can try to correct the interference by using one or more of the following measures:

- Turn the TV or radio antenna until the interference stops.
- Move the equipment to one side or the other of the TV or radio.
- •Move the equipment father away from the TV or radio.
- Plug the equipment into an outlet that is on a different circuit than the TV or radio. (That is, make certain the equipment and the radio or television set are on circuits controlled by different circuit breakers or fuses.)
- Consider installing a rooftop television antenna with coaxial cable lead-in between the antenna and TV.

If necessary, you should consult your dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. You may find helpful the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission:

"How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems"

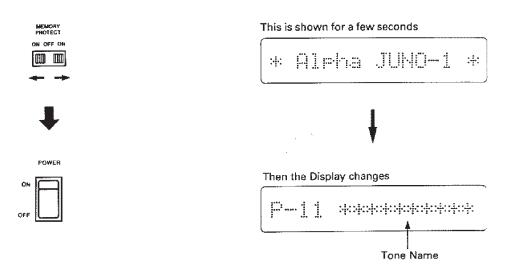
This booklet is aviiable from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 20402, Stock No. 004-000-00345-4.

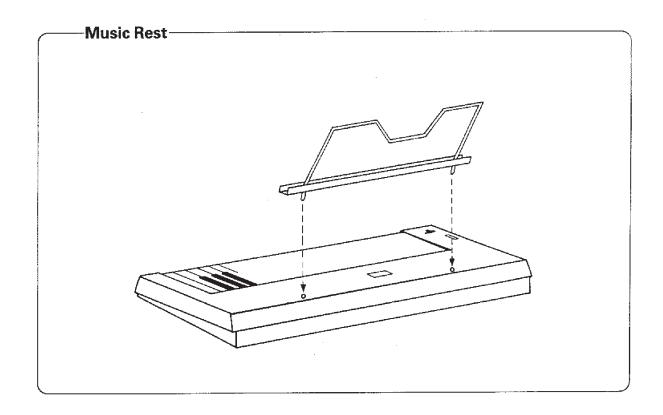
3 OPERATION

1. Power Up

- ① Make sure that the Memory Protect Switch ② on the rear panel is set to the ON position.
- ② Turn the Power Switch @ on.

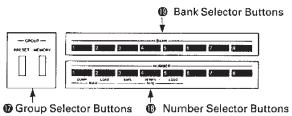
The Display Window (will respond with:



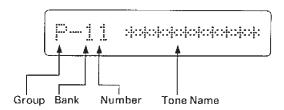


2. Tone Color Selection

Any of the 128 different tone colors can be called by using the Group Selector Button **(b)**, Bank Selector Button **(b)** and the Number Selector Button **(b)**.



The Display (6) will show the tone color currently selected:

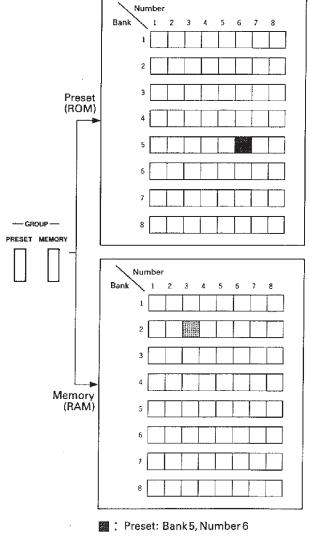


P..... Preset Group

The tone colors in this group can be modified, but the modified patch cannot be written into memory.

M...... Memory Group

The tone colors in this group can be modified and even rewritten.



💹 : Memory: Bank 2, Number 3

- ② Select the Bank (1 to 8) by pressing the relevant Bank Selector Button .
- ③ Select the Number (1 to 8) by pressing the relevant Number Selector Button **⊕**.

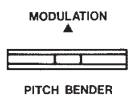
Now, by using the Volume Knob (3), adjust the volume of the sound.

* The above procedures ① to ③ can be done in any order you like.

3. Performance Control Functions

a. Pitch Bender/Modulation

By bending the Pitch Bender/Modulation Lever ①, guitar's bending like effect can be obtained. At its center position, this has no effect on the sound, while the left and right extremes of movement achieve the same amount of the pitch bend effect. Also, by pushing the same lever forward, vibrato effect is obtained.



- * The range of each tone color's Pitch Bender effect can be changed. If the tone color is in the Preset Group, see page 14 "Editing the Performance Control Functions", and if it is the one in the Memory Group, see page 17 "6. Edit".
- * The depth of the Modulation can be changed as shown on page 14 "Editing the Performance Control Functions".

b. Portamento

Portamento effect is a slide from one pitch to another. This may be effectively used for the performance with the Chord Memory function.

<OPERATION>

To turn Portamento on:



Push the Portamento Button 4.

The indicator lights up.

To turn Portamento off:



Push the Portamento Button 4 again.

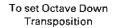
The indicator goes out.

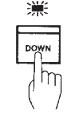
* The time needed for a sound to move from a pitch to another (Portamento time) can be changed as shown on page 14 "Editing the Performance Control Functions".

c. Octave Transpose

The entire keyboard can be transposed one octave down.

<OPERATION>





Push the Down Button of the Octave Transpose Buttons **Q**.

The indicator lights up.

To return to Normal



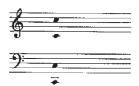
Push the Normal Button of the Octave Transpose Buttons 2.

The indicator lights up.

d. Chord Memory

Chord data can be recorded and later played with one finger.

Example







 When C4 key is played, the actual chord you hear is exactly in the same pitch as the recorded one.

<OPERATION>

To set to the Chord Memory mode



Push the Chord Memory Button 6.

The indicator lights up.

To return to the Normal mode



Push the Chord Memory Button **3** again.

The indicator goes out.

How to record Chord Data used for Chord Memory Function

When a chord data is recorded into the α JUNO with the Memory Protect Switch set to the ON position, it is erased by power off. If you wish to retain the recorded chord data even after power off, you should record it with the Memory Protect Switch ② set to the OFF position.

<OPERATION>

 Set the Memory Protect Switch as shown below.

Memory Protect Switch : ON →
Erased when the power is off.

ON OFF ON

Memory Protect Switch : OFF →
Retained even after the power is off.

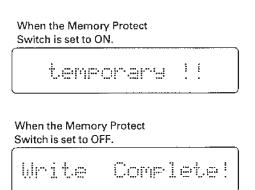
② Press the Write Button while holding the Chord Memory Button down.

The Display (6) will respond with:



3 Play the chord you wish to record.

When all the keys are released, the chord data is recorded, and the Display (6) will respond with:



- 4 If necessary, return the Memory Protect Switch to the ON position.
- * While a chord data is being recorded, the Octave Transpose or Key Transpose function does not work, therefore, the middle C key always works as C4 key.
- * When the recorded chord is being played, the Octave Transpose and Key Transpose functions work. When Octave Transpose is normal and the Key Transpose is 0, playing the C4 key will faithfully recall the recorded chord.
- * By recording the C4 key, the α JUNO can be played as a monophonic keyboard.
- * If the keyboard is being played extremely fast or too many NOTE ON messages are continuously sent into the MIDI IN, the chords may not properly sound.

e. Key Transpose

The keyboard can be transposed to any key you like within \pm an octave (-12 to +12 value). Therefore, you can play music in various keys without using different keys.

* This Key Transpose operation cannot be done unless the Display 6 is showing a tone name and no key is played on the keyboard.

How to Transpose

1. Using the α Dial \bullet

① Push the Key Transpose Button ②.



The value (i) shown in the Display represents how many semi-tones (keys) are currently transposed.

Example ¥

② While holding the Key Transpose Button
⑤ down, rotate the α Dial to set the desired value. (Refer to the picture shown below.)

The Display **(b)** shows the corresponding value, and if it is other than 0, the indicator lights up.

2. Using an appropriate key

1 Push the Key Transpose Button 9.

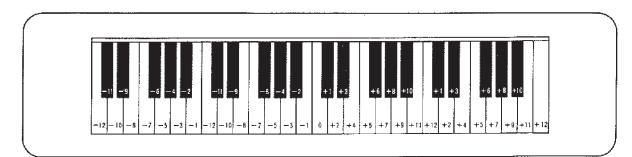


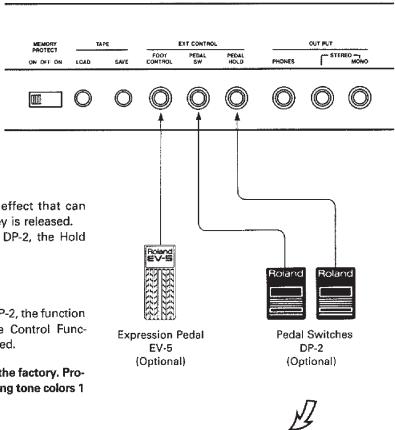
The value (i) shown in the Display represents how many semi-tones (keys) are currently transposed.

Example ▼

② While holding the key Transpose Button ② down, push the key to which you wish to transpose.

The Display **(b)** shows the corresponding value, and if it is other than 0, the indicator lights up.





f. Hold Pedal Jack

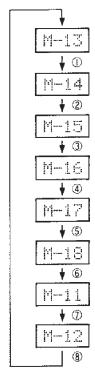
The α JUNO features the Hold effect that can retain the sound even after the key is released. Using the optional Pedal Switch DP-2, the Hold effect can be turned on or off.

g. Pedal Switch Jack

Using the optional Pedal Switch DP-2, the function selected at "Editing Performance Control Functions" on page 14 can be controlled.

* Program Shift function is set at the factory. Program Shift is the function of calling tone colors 1 to 8 sequencially.

When "M-13" is initially set, the Tone Number will change as shown below.



h. Foot Control Jack

By using the optional Expression Pedal EV-5, the function selected at "Editing Performance Control Functions" on page 14 can be controlled.

OFF 1

4. Tone Modify



Several parameters of a tone color can be simultaneously changed with a simple operation. There are four modes for the Tone Modify.

Mode	Tone Modifty Mode Button ()	Function	
Modulation Rate	Rate MOD RATE This mode changes the rate of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato, growl or chorus effective that the control of the vibrato of the vibr		
Modulation Depth	MOD DEPTH	This mode changes the depth of the vibrato or growl effect.	
Brilliance	BRILLIANCE	This mode changes the brilliance of the sound.	
Envelope Time	ENV TIME	This mode changes the time needed for a tone color to change from the moment the key is played.	

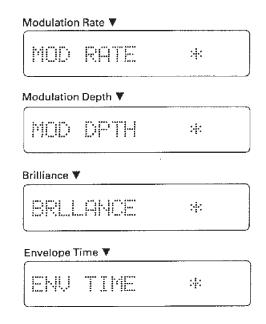
<OPERATION>

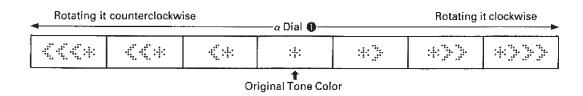
- ① Call the tone color you wish to edit.
- ② Select one of the four modes by pushing the corresponding Tone Modify Mode Button .

The Display will respond as shown right:

(3) Using the α Dial lacktriangle, modify the tone color to your taste.

Rotating the α Dial will change the Display \P as shown below.





- * The edited tone color will be erased by selecting a different tone color. To retain the edited patch, take an appropriate writing procedure. (See page 29.)
- * This Tone Modify operation may have no effect on some tone colors. For instance, the tone color without vibrato or growl effect will not change at all even by changing the depth or rate of the Modulation effect.

5. Editing Performance Control Functions

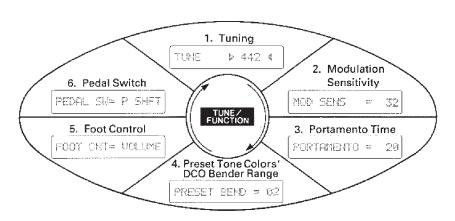
Using the Tune/Function Button (3), you can change the settings (data) of the Tuning and other functions for performance control. The changed data is erased when the unit is powered off. If you wish to retain the data even after powered off, take an appropriate writing operation.

	Parameter			
1.	Tuning			
2.	Modulation Sensitivity			
3.	Portamento Time			
4.	Preset Tone Colors' DCO Bender Range			
5.	Foot Control			
6.	Pedal Switch			

a. How to edit the Performance Control Functions

<OPERATION>

① Press the Tune/Function Button **③** until the Display **⑥** shows the function you wish to edit.



As shown in the picture, each time you push the Tune/Function Button (3), the function shown in the Display changes.

② Using the α Dial, change the value of the function to your taste.

1. Tuning

Example ▼



This function is used to tune with other instrument. The pitch of A4 key can be set to 430 to 454Hz.

The Display 0 shows the pitch currently set, and if " \blacktriangleright " mark is shown on the left of the Display, the actual pitch of the α JUNO-1 is slightly lower than the set pitch shown in the Display. If " \blacktriangleleft " mark is shown on the right side of the Display, the pitch is higher. When both " \blacktriangleright " and " \blacktriangleleft " marks are shown at the both ends of the Display, tuning is done.

2. Modulation Sensitivity

Example ▼

$$MDD SEMS = 32$$

When the Pitch Bender/Modulation Lever **6** controls the Modulation effect, this function determines the depth of the Modulation effect from 0 to 127.

3. Portamento Time

Example ▼

When the Portamento effect is on, this function sets the time needed for the slide of the pitch from one note to another.

* At 0, no portamento effect is obtained, and 127 is the longest time.

4. Preset Tone Colors' DCO Pitch Bender Range

Example **V**

When the Pitch Bender/Modulation lever controls the Pitch Bender effect of the whole preset tone colors (P-11 to 88), this sets the depth of the effect from 0 to 12 (1 represents semi-tone).

5. Foot Control

Example ▼



This function selects which of the Volume, Aftertouch or Dynamics function works by the foot control pedal connected to the Foot Control Jack ②.

	Display 🚯	Function
Volume	UOLUME	This controls the volume.
Aftertouch	AFTER	The setting of each Aftertouch Sensitivity (of DCO, VCF or VCA) determines the maximum effect of the Aftertouch.
Dynamics	DYNMOS	When each ENV Mode (of DCO, VCF or VCA) is set to Dynamics, the volume pedal controls the dynamics effect.

^{*} The Dynamics effect is determined by the position of the pedal when the key is played. This means that the Dynamics effect is not affected by the pedal once the key is played.

6. Pedal Switch

Example ▼



This function selects which of the Program Shift, Portamento, or Chord Memory function works by the pedal switch connected to the Pedal Switch Jack .

Mode	Display 🚯	Function	
Program Shift P SHFT Pressing the pedal switch sequencially calls the tone colors After 8, 1 will return.		Pressing the pedal switch sequencially calls the tone colors 1 to 8. After 8, 1 will return.	
Portamento PURTA Th		This turns on or off the Portamento effect.	
Chord Memory CRD M		This turns on or off the Chord Memory effect.	

^{*} When the Portamento or Chord Memory function is selected, the effect is on while the DP-2 is being depressed. If you wish to turn the effect on and off alternately by depressing the pedal, use the optional Foot Switch FS-1.

b. Writing the Performance Control Functions

If you wish to retain the data of Tune/Function even after the α JUNO is switched off, you should write it in the back-up memory.

<OPERATION>

- Set the Memory Protect Switch to the OFF position.
- 2 Push the Tune/Function Button 3.
- (3) While holding the Write Button (6) down, press the Tune/Function Button (8).

The Display (6 will respond with:

While holding the Write Button 🚯 down

Write TUME/FUMC.



When the Tune/Function Button (3) is pushed.

Write Complete!

4 Return the Memory protect Switch **a** to the ON position.

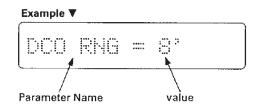
6. Edit

Here, call each parameter of a tone color and change it. Regarding the details of the parameters, see page 18 "7. Tone Color Parameters".

<OPERATION>

- ① Call the tone color you wish to edit.
- ② Push the Parameter Selector Button ...

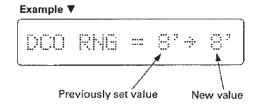
The Display will respond with:



(3) Using the α Dial \blacksquare , call the parameter you wish to change.

4 Push the Value Button 6.

As shown in the picture, on the right of the Display , the current value and the prospective value are shown.



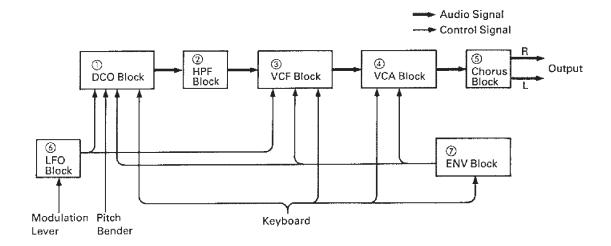
- (5) Using the α Dial \P , change to the value you like.
- Repeat the steps ② to ⑤ as many times as necessary.

7. Tone Color Parameters

A tone color consists of various parameters, therefore, to edit a tone color, change the values of those parameters.

a. Synthesizer Structure

The α JUNO's synthesizer section consists of several blocks as shown in the picture. Each block of the synthesizer section is controlled by relevant tone-color parameters.



DCO (Digitally Controlled Oscillator)

DCO is the digitally controlled oscillator that controls the pitch and generates the waveforms that are the sound source of the synthesizer.

② HPF (High Pass Filter)

The HPF (High-Pass Filter) is a filter that passes high frequency harmonics and cuts off the lower ones. This changes the waveform and controls the tone color.

③ VCF (Voltage Controlled Filter)

Each VCF lets lower frequency harmonics of the input signal pass and cuts off the higher ones. In other words, it is a usual low pass filter. By controlling the cutoff point and resonance, the waveform changes, thereby the tone color alters.

VCA (Voltage Controlled Amplifier)

After filtered in the VCF, the signal is fed to the VCA where the volume (amplitude) of the sound is controlled.

(5) CHORUS

LFO (Low Frequency Oscillator)

This oscillator generates extremely low frequency, so produces a vibrato or growl effect by controlling the DCO or VCF.

7 ENV (Envelope Generator)

This generates the control voltage (Envelope) which controls the DCO, VCF and VCA, therefore, alters the pitch, tone color and volume in each note.

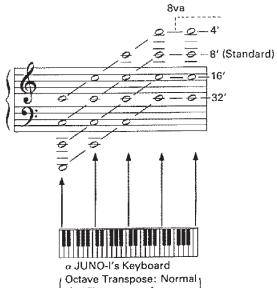
b. Parameters

DCO (Digitally Controlled Oscillator)

□ DCO Range

Example ▼

This is to change the pitch range of the DCO in exact one octave steps from 4' to 32' (4', 8', 16', 32'). 8' is standard.



Key Transpose: 0

□ DCO LFO Depth

Example **▼**

$$DCO LFO = 28$$

When the LFO is controlling the pitch of the DCO, this adjusts the depth of the vibrato effect in the range of 0 to 127.

DCO ENV Depth

Example ¥

When the ENV is controlling the pitch of the DCO, this parameter sets the depth of the modulation in the range of the 0 to 127.

□ DCO ENV Mode

Example ¥

This selects the polarity of the Envelope curve that controls the DCO. Usually / may be used. In ✓ mode, ADSR pattern will be inverted.

Mode	Display 🐠	Display (f) Function	
Normal	F<	ENV serves to increase the DCO's pitch.	
Invert	ļ ~'*	ENV serves to decrease the DCO's pitch.	
Normal with Dynamics The ENV with Dynamics serves to inc		The ENV with Dynamics serves to increase the DCO's pitch.	
Invertwith Dynamics		The ENV with Dynamics serves to decrease the DCO's pitch.	

	nco	Aftertouch	Sensitivity
\Box		MILETIUMEN	OGHISHUALLY

Example ▼

DCO AFTR= 15

This parameter determines the depth of the vibrato effect when it is controlled by aftertouch. 0 to 15 are valid for this parameter.

□ DCO Bender Range

Example ▼

DCO BEND= 12

This sets the maximum effect of the Pitch Bender caused by moving the Pitch Bender/Modulaion lever. 0 to 12 are valid for this parameter, and 1 is semi-tone, therefore, 12 is an octave.

□ DCO Pulse Waveform

Example ▼

FULSE = 01

Pulse wave is selected.

Display	Waveform	Spectrum	
CO	OFF		
92		4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 +	
83		See page 21 "DCO PW/PWM Depth"	

The pulse width of 03 can be set at DCO PW/PWM Depth.

□ DCO Sawtooth Waveform

Example ▼

SAWTOOTH= 01

Sawtooth waveform is selected.

Display Waveform		Spectrum	
	OFF		
01		lt n.	
82			
ØS		See page 21 "DCO PW/PWM Depth"	
	للنس_		

The pulse width of 03 can be set at DCO PW/PWM Depth.

□ DCO Sub Oscillator Waveform

Example ▼

SUB = 00

This selects the waveform of the Sub Oscillator that generates the pitch 1 or 2 octaves lower than the pulse wave or sawtooth wave.

Display	Waveform	Pitch	Spectrum
		1 oct. lower	
Ø1	· L_Л	1 oct. lower	
92		1 oct. lower	
	ШШ	1 oct. lower	
04		2 oct. lower	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
1.4		2 oct. lower	

□ DCO Sub Oscillator Level

Example ▼

SUB LEVL= 03

This sets the volume of the Sub Oscillator from 0 to 3. At 0, there is no oscillation.

□ DCO Noise Level

Example ▼

HOIS LVL= 03

This sets the volume of the Noise which is often used for wind or surf. 0 to 3 are valid, and at 0, there is no Noise generated.

Noise



□ DCO PW/PWM Depth

Example **▼**

FW / FWM= 80

This parameter works only on the Pulse Wave 03 and Sawtooth Wave 03. The pulse width of a wave can be determined by the value from 0 to 127.

PW/PWM Depth	PULSE 0	3 🕮	SAWTOOTH 03			
	Waveform	Spectrum	Waveform	Spectrum		
				la de la composição de		
42			__			
54	ШΠ	<u> </u>	_~1	<u> </u>		
182		line.				
127				**************************************		

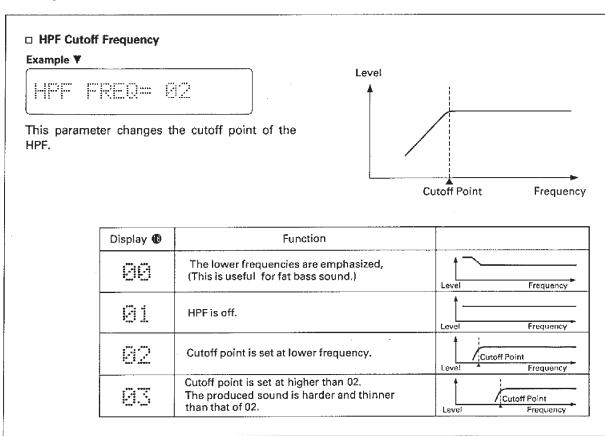
□ DCO PWM Rate

Example ▼

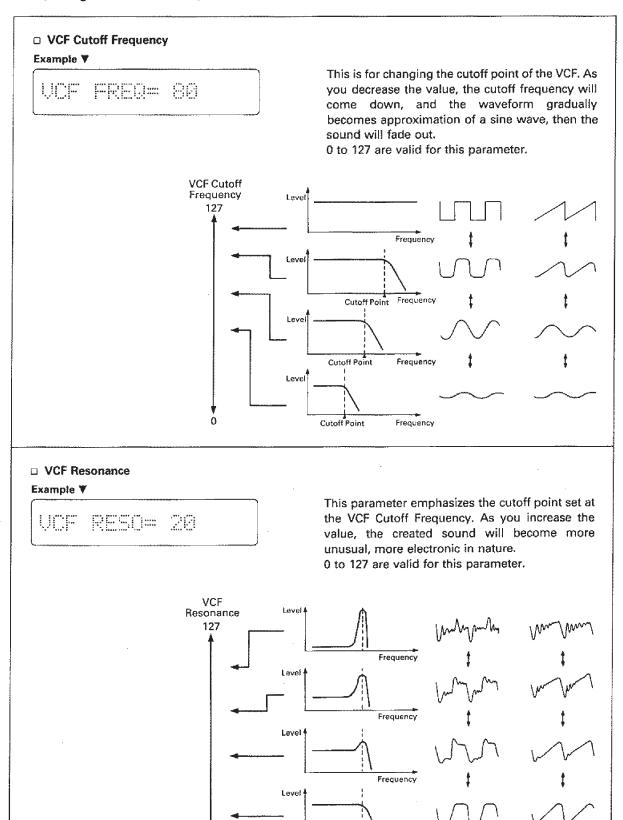
FWM RATE- 60

This parameter works only on the Pulse Wave 03 and Sawtooth Wave 03. The rate of the LFO modulation that changes the pulse width of the waveform can be set. 0 to 127 are the values valid for this parameter. At 0, however, the pulse width is not modulated by the LFO but set at the PW/PWM Depth. When this parameter is set to the value other than 0, the pulse width set with the DCO PW/PWM Depth is the widest pulse made by the LFO modulation.

HPF (High Pass Filter)



VCF (Voltage Controlled Filter)



Frequency

□ VCF ENV Depth

Example ▼

This parameter controls the cutoff point of the VCF in each note with the ENV curve set in the ENV section. As you increase the value, tone color within one note changes more drastically. 0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

□ VCF ENV Mode

Example ▼



This is to select the polarity of the Envelope curve that controls the cutoff point of the VCF. Usually, "\sum " may be used, in "\sum " mode, ADSR pattern will be inverted.

Mode	Display 🚯	Function			
Normal	P-<	ENV serves to increase the VCF's cutoff point.			
Invert	L	ENV serves to decrease the VCF's cutoff point.			
Normal with Dynamics	Di-s	The ENV with Dynamics serves to increase the VCF's cutoff point.			
Dynamics	den	This mode is rather special; the ENV has nothing to do with the VCF's cutoff point and the Dynamics directly works to increase the VCF's cutoff point.			

□ VCF LFO Depth

Example ▼

This parameter sets the depth of the LFO modulation that changes the cutoff point of the VCF (=growl effect).

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

□ VCF Keyboard Follower

Example ▼

This parameter can shift the cutoff point depending on the key played (=pitch). 0 to 15 are valid, and decreasing the value will make the higher pitch softer.

□ VCF Aftertouch Sensitivity

Example ▼

When the Aftertouch is controlling the cutoff frequency of the VCF, this parameter sets the sensitivity of the effect.

0 to 15 are valid for this parameter.

VCA (Voltage Controlled Amplifier)

□ VCA Level

Example ▼

UCA LEUL= 64

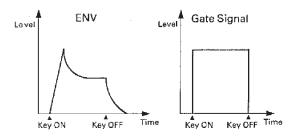
This is for changing the volume, and can be effectively used when writing a tone color. When the value is set too high, sound may be distorted.

□ VCA ENV Mode

Example **V**

UCA ENV = 1-4

This is to select whether to control the VCA by the signal from the ENV or by the Gate signal (Key On/ Off signal).



Mode	Display 🚯	Function
ENV	P=-,	ENV changes the volume.
Gate	GT	Gate signal changes the volume.
ENV with Dynamics	[illi-s.	ENV with dynamics changes the volume.
Gate with Dynamics	DGT	Gate signal with dynamics changes the volume.

□ VCA Aftertouch Sensitivity

Example ▼



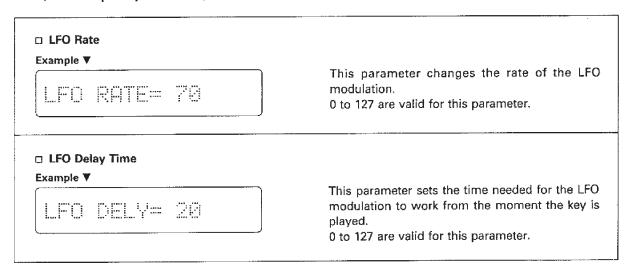
When the Aftertouch is controlling the volume, this parameter determines the sensitivity of the effect.

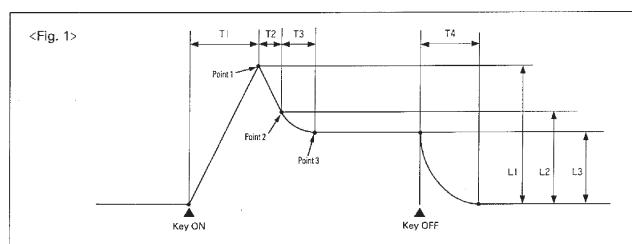
0 to 15 are valid for this parameter.

CHORUS

Chorus On/Off Example ▼				
CHORUS = OH	This turns on or off the Chorus effect.			
Chorus Rate	This parameter determines the rate of the choru			

LFO (Low Frequency Oscillator)





□ ENV Time 1

Example ▼

This parameter can set the time needed for a note to reach the point 1 from the moment the key is played.

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the length of TI represents it.

☐ ENV Level 1

Example ▼

This parameter sets the point 1's level. 0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the height of LI represents it.

□ ENV Time 2

Example ▼

This parameter can set the time spent for a note to change from the point 1 to 2.

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the length of T2 represents it.

□ ENV Level 2

Example ▼

This parameter sets the point 2's level. 0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the height of L2 represents it.

☐ ENV Time 3

Example ▼

This parameter can set the time spent for a note to change from the point 2 to 3.

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the length of T3 represents it.

□ ENV Level 3

Example ▼

This parameter sets the point 3's level. 0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the height of L3 represents it.

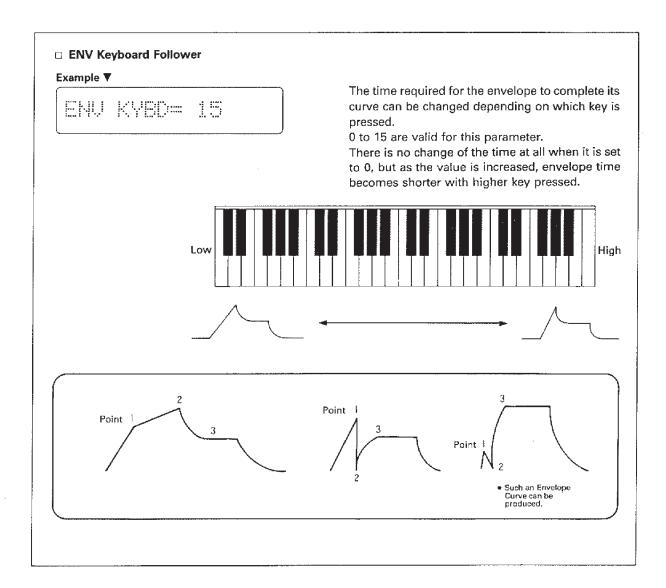
□ ENV Time 4

Example ▼

This parameter sets the time needed for a note to fall to 0 from the level 3 from the moment the key is released.

0 to 127 are valid for this parameter.

In Fig 1, the length of T4 represents it.



8. Writing a Tone Color

To retain the edited tone color data into the backup memory, take the following writing operation.

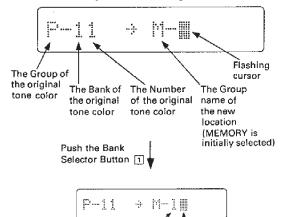
<OPERATION>

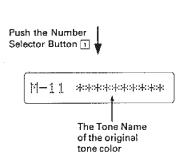
- Set the Memory Protect Switch to the OFF position.
- ② To select the tone number where the edited tone color is to be written, push the relevant Bank Selector Button (1) and the Number Selector Button (1) while holding the Write Button (1) down.
- ③ Return the Memory Protect Switch to the ON position.

Example **▼**

Editing the Preset 11 and write it in the Memory 11

While holding the Write Button (down.





Flashing cursor

The Bank of

the new location

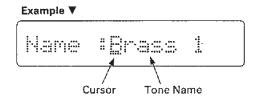
9. Naming the Tone Colors

You can write a name (within 10 letters) to each tone color, or rename it.

<OPERATION>

- (1) Call the tone color which you wish to rename.
- Push the Name Button .

The Display (6) will respond with:

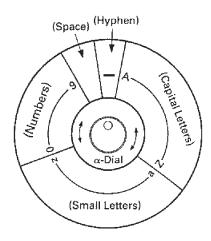


③ Push the Name Button as many times until the cursor comes under the letter to be changed.

The cursor moves one letter rightward each time the Name Button is pressed. When the cursor reaches the right end, it goes back to the beginning.

4 Change the name by using the α Dial 1.

The available letters for naming are as follows.



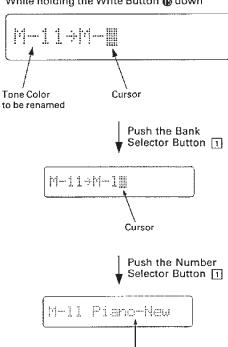
(5) Repeat the steps (3) (4) as many times as necessary.

- Set the Memory Protect Switch to the OFF position.
- By pushing the appropriate Bank Selector Button and the Number Selector Button assign the same tone color you called in the step ().

The Display (6) will change to:

Example ▼ Renaming M-11
White holding the Write Button

down



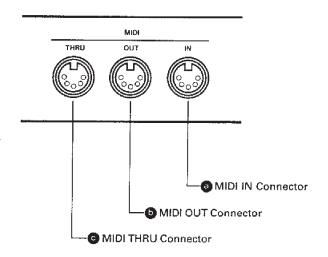
8 Return the Memory Protect Switch to the ON position.

New Name

* Taking the operation ⑦ will automatically write the tone color selected in the step ①. So if you do not change the tone color but only the tone name, assign the same tone color you called in the step ①.

10. MIDI

There are three MiDI Connectors $\boldsymbol{\varpi}$ on the α JUNO as follows.



MIDI IN Connector

Use this connector for feeding signal from an external MIDI device to control the α JUNO.

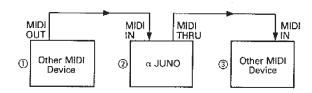
MIDI OUT Connector

Use this connector for sending signal from the α JUNO to control the external MIDI device.

* The signal fed into the MIDI IN is not sent out through the MIDI OUT.

MIDI THRU Connector

The exact copy of the signal fed into the MIDI IN is sent out through this connector.



NOTE

Please do not connect more than three MIDI devices through the MIDI THRU Connectors. Use the optional MIDI THRU Box MM-4.

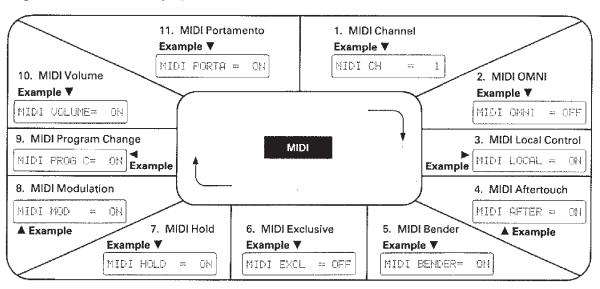
a. Changing MIDI Function Data

The setting of each MIDI function can be changed and written as follows.

MIDI Function	Factory Preset	Value Display	Description		
1. MIDI Channel	1	1~16	This sets the channel on which the MIDI messages are communicated.		
2. MIDI OMNI	OFF	ONZOFF	OMNI ON receives all messages regardless the channel setting.		
3. MIDI Local Control	ON	ON/OFF	OFF separates the synthesizer section from the keyboard section in the α JUNO.		
4. MIDI Aftertouch	ON	ON/OFF	Aftertouch Message		
5. MIDI Bender	ON	ON/OFF	Pitch Bender Message		
6. MIDI Exclusive	OFF	OH/OFF	Exclusive Message		
7. MIDI Hold	ON	ON/OFF	Hold Message		
8. MIDI Modulation	ON	ON/OFF	Modulation Message		
9. MIDI Program Change	ON	CNZOFF	Tone Color Selection Message		
10. MIDI Volume	ON	CM/OFF	Volume Message		
11. MIDI Portamento	ON	0H/OFF	Portamento Message		

<OPERATION>

① Push the MIDI Button ① as many times until the MIDI function you wish to change is shown in the Display ⑥.



The MIDI parameter shown in the Display changes each time the MIDI Button is pushed.

② Using the α Dial \bullet , change the MIDI function to what you like.

b. Writing MIDI Function Data

By writing the data of the MIDI Function setting into the back-up memory, it can be retained even when the unit is turned off.

<OPERATION>

- Set the Memory Protect Switch to the OFF position.
- ② Push the MIDI Button 10.

(3) While holding the Write Button (6) down, push the MIDI Button (6).

The Display will change to:

While holding the Write Button (6) down.

Write MIDI FUMC.

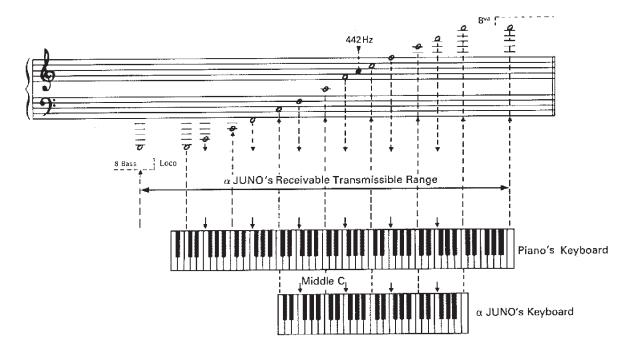


When the MIDI Button (9 is pushed.

Write Complete!

4 Return the Memory Protect Switch to the ON position.

c. α JUNO's Sound Range receivable and transmissible with MIDI



(1) Transmissible Sound Range

The α JUNO-1 features the key Transpose (1 octave upper and lower), the Octave Transpose (1 octave lower) and the Chord Memory functions, therefore can transmit data from 3 octaves lower to 1 octave higher than the actual keyboard.

(2) Receivable Sound Range

The α JUNO-1's receivable sound range with MIDI is 8 octaves as shown above. If the transmitted data exceeds this range, it will be automatically transposed up or down until it fits in the range. The Key Transpose and the Octave Transpose functions do not work on the data received at MIDI IN.

d. Pedal Switch and Foot Control

Depending on the function currently in use, the MIDI messages sent by the pedal switch and foot control differ.

Pedal Switch

Function	Messages transmitted with MIDI			
Program Shift	*¹ Program Change, *¹ System Exclusive			
Portamento	*1 Portamento			
Chord Memory	No message			

Foot Control

Function	Messages transmitted with MIDI
Volume	Main Volume
Aftertouch	Foot Controller
Dynamics	Key Velocity

^{*1} These messages are turned on or off with MIDI.

e. Program Change Messages

The tone colors of the α JUNO correspond to the Program Change numbers of the MIDI Format 1 to 128 as shown in the table below.

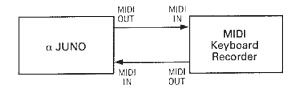
GROUP	NUMBER BANK	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MEMORY	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	2	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	3	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	4	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	5	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	6	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
	7	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
	8	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
PRESET	1	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72
	2	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	3	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
	4	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96
	5	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104
	6	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112
	7	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
	8	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128

^{*} Number 0 to 127 are used as Program Change Messages in the actual MIDI Format.

* When external MIDI devices such as keyboard recorders are connected to the α JUNO, the α JUNO may not sound properly because of the MIDI loop junction.

In such a case, turn the MIDI Thru Switch on the keyboard recorder off or turn the MIDI Local message off.

Example



11. Data Transfer

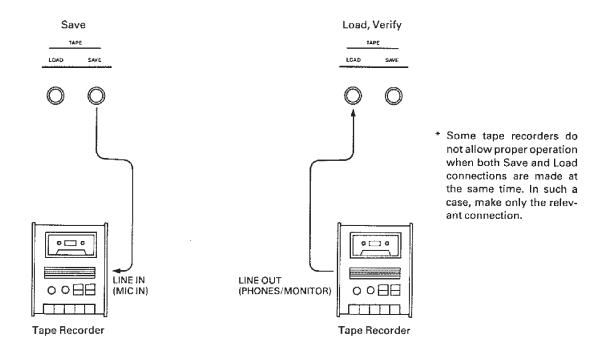
The α JUNO-1 features the tape interface function that can save the entire data in the Tone Memory (M-11 to 88) onto an ordinary tape recorder. Also it is possible to transfer the data into another α JUNO.

Before taking any data transferring operation, be sure to turn the α JUNO-1 to the Play mode, in other words, the Display 1 should be showing a tone name.



a. Tape Interface

CONNECTION



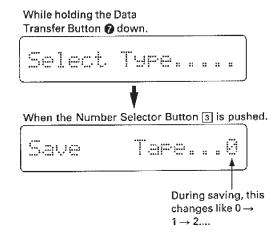
- * To cancel the saving, verifying or loading mode, simply push any of the Number Selector Buttons 1 to 5.
- * It may be a good idea to take the verifying operation each time you have saved data on a tape.

1. Saving

OPERATION

- Set the tape recorder to the recording mode, then start it.
- While holding the Data Transfer Button down, push the Number Selector Button
 3.

The Display (6) will react as shown below, and the saving starts.



3 When the saving is completed, the Display (1) will change to:



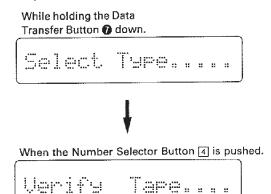
(4) Stop the tape recorder.

2. Verifying

<OPERATION>

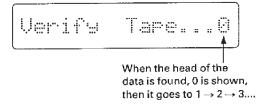
- Rewind the tape up to the beginning of the saved data. And set the volume of the tape recorder to the medium.
- While holding the Data Transfer Button down, push the Number Selector Button
 [4].

The Display will change to:



3 Set the tape recorder to the playing mode, then start it.

When the head of the data is found, the verifying starts.

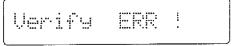


(4) The Display (6) will respond either with:

When the saving has been correctly done.



When the saving has been failed.



When error indication is shown, read "Notes on saving on a tape" on page 39, then carefully repeat the saving procedure.

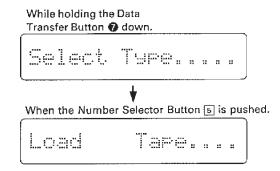
(5) Stop the tape recorder.

3. Loading

<OPERATION>

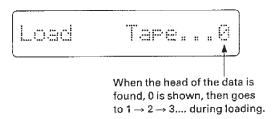
- Rewind the tape up to the beginning of the saved data. And adjust the volume of the tape recorder to the medium.
- ② Set the Memory Protect Switch on the α JUNO-1 to the OFF position.
- (3) While holding the Data Transfer Button (7) down, push the Number Selector Button [5].

The Display (6) will change to:

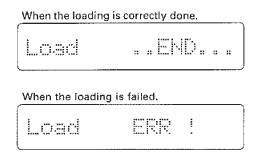


4 Set the tape recorder to the playing mode, then start it.

When the head of the save data is found, the loading starts.



The Display will respond either with:



When error indication is shown, read "Notes on saving on a tape" on page 39, and carefully repeat the loading procedure.

- 6 Stop the tape recorder.
- ⑦ Return the Memory Protect Switch to the ON position.

Notes on saving on a tape

When error indication is shown in the Display during verifying or loading operation, read the following notes then carefully repeat the saving or loading procedure.

► Tape rewinding

* Make sure that you have rewound the tape completely up to the beginning of the saved data.

Playback Level of the Tape Recorder

- * The appropriate playback level varies depending on the tape recorder. So change the level to find an appropriate level. Also, if your tape recorder features recording level control, try changing the recording level in saving.
- * If the tape recorder features Tone control, adjust it, too.

Connection

- * Make sure that connections are made properly.
- * If your tape recorder has two kinds of In/Out Jacks (i.e. MIC/LINE In, EAR/LINE Out, etc), try using different ones this time.
- * Some tape recorders do not allow proper operation when both Save and Load connections are made at the same time. In such a case, make only the relevant connection.

➤ Where to start recording

* Please do not start recording from the very head of the tape, but after slightly winding it.

► Tape you use

- * Use a new and high quality tape, if possible. An old tape is liable to have drop-out, therefore likely to cause error more often.
- * Use a cassette tape shorter than C-60. The one longer than C-90 is too thin for proper operation.

► Tape Recorder

- * Try using the same tape recorder in Saving and Loading, so that possibility of error will be reduced.
- * Clean and demagnetize the head of the tape recorder.
- * If error is still indicated, use a different tape recorder

* Preservation of the data tape

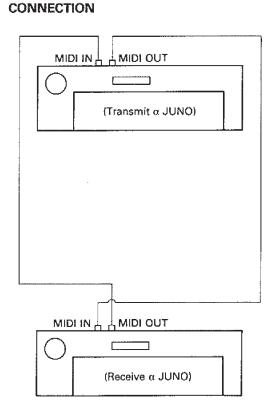
Please do not keep the data recorded tape in extreme heat or humidity or near strongly magnetic units such as TV, speaker or amplifier.

SysEx-Transfers:



c. Data Transfer with MIDI

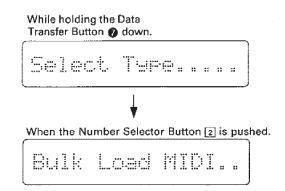
This function is available even when the MIDI Exclusive in the MIDI Functions is turned off.



<OPERATION>

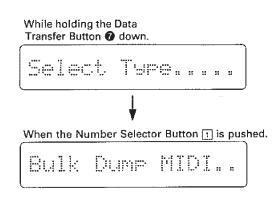
- ① Turn the Memory Protect Switch $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$ on the receive α JUNO to the OFF position.
- ② On the receive α JUNO, push the Number Selector Button ② (*1 Bulk Load) while holding the Data Transfer Button ② down.

The Display (6) will react as shown below, and the unit is ready to receive data.

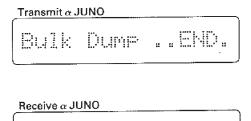


③ On the transmit α JUNO, push the Number Selector Button [1] (*2 Buik Dump) while holding the Data Transfer Button for down.

The Display **(b)** will react as shown below, and the unit will begin to transmit data.



When the data transfer is completed, the Displays of the receive and transmit α JUNO's will respond with:



Load ..EHD.

When error indication is shown in the Display as below, check if the connections are made correctly and securely.

- (5) Return the Memory Protect Switch **②** on the receive α JUNO to the ON position.
- *1 Bulk Load means loading the entire data in the Memory group (=64 tone colors) from other α JUNO by means of MIDI Exclusive.
- *2 Bulk Dump means transferring the entire data in the Memory group (=64 tone colors) to other α JUNO by means of MIDI Exclusive.

4 APPENDIX

1. Parameter Table

Р	arameter		Value
Display 🚯		Display 🚯	
DCO RNG	DCO Range	327~47	
DCO LFO	DCO LFO Depth	MM~127	
DCO EHU	DCO ENV Depth	88~127	
DCO ENV	DCO ENV Mode	ľ•••·.	Normal
		ļ	Invert
		Dr-s	Normal with Dynamics
		DL*	Invert with Dynamics
DCO AFTR	DCO Aftertouch Sensitivity	89 ~ 15	
DCO BEND	DCO Bender Range	00 ~ 12	
PULSE	DCO Pulse Waveform		OFF
		## <u>1</u>	Ш
		82	
			لتًا
SAWTOOTH	DCO Sawtooth Waveform		OFF
		1	
		82	_/1/1
		83	
			<u>uull</u>
		::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	

F	Parameter		Value
Display (6		Display (0	
	DCO Sub Oscillator Waveform	23	رً ا
		81.	
		22	
		94	
	-	85	
	DCO Sub Oscillator Level	00 ~ 03	
MOIS LUL	DCO Noise Level	88 ~ 83	
PW/PWM	DCO PW/PWM Depth	88~127	
PWM RATE	DCO PWM Rate	99~127	
HPF FREQ	HPF Cutoff Frequency	00 ~ 03	
UCF FRED	VCF Cutoff Frequency	90~127	
UCF RESO	VCF Resonance	00~127	
	VCF ENV Depth	00~127	
UCF ENU	VCF ENV Mode	ľ	Normal
		ļ.,	Invert
		Dire.	Normal with Dynamics
		den	Dynamics
UCF, LFO	VCF LFO Depth	20~127	
UCF KYBD	VCF Keyboard Follower	MB ~ 15	

Р	arameter		Value
Display 🚯		Display (6)	
UCF AFTR	Aftertouch Sensitivity	85 ~ 15	
VCH LEVL	VCA Level	00~127	
UCA ENU	VCA ENV Mode	}~- <u>,</u>	ENV
			Gate
		Dir	ENV with Dynamics
		Dat	Gate with Dynamics
UCA AFTR	VCA Aftertouch Sensitivity	BB~ 15	
CHORUS	Chorus	oH/OFF	
CRS RATE	Chorus Rate	00~127	
LFO RATE	LFO Rate	00~127	
LFO DELY	LFO Delay Time	00~127	
ENV T1	ENV Time 1	00~127	
EHU L1	ENV Level 1	00~127	
EMV T2	ENV Time 2	00~127	
EHV L2	ENV Level 2	66~127	
ENV T3	ENV Time 3	00~127	
ENV L3	ENV Level 3	00~127	
EHU T4	ENV Time 4	00~127	
ENV KYBD	ENV Keyboard Follower	00 ~ 15	

2. Error Message Table

Display @	Description
Memory Protected	You have tried to write into the back-up memory when the Memory Protect Switch @ set to the ON position.
	The tone color data has not been completely received from the tape.
(Verify ERR!	The data saved on the tape is different from the one in the back-up memory.
Bulk Load ERR!	The bulk dump data has not been completely received.
Bulk Dump ERR!	The bulk dump data has not been completely transferred.
Check Battery!!	The battery for back-up memory is flat. * When this indication is shown, the data in the back-up memory is lost. Consult with your local Roland dealer.

3. Memo

		∞								
		7								
	* *	9								
DATE:	PROGRAMMER:	2								·
ΔI		4								
		3								
NAME		2								
TONE NAME	TITLE:			-						
α JUNO−I		Number Bank	ornamona.	2	က	4	2	9	7	∞ ·
-		<u> </u>							1	

5 SPECIFICATIONS

lpha JUNO-1 (JU-1): 6 voice polyphonic and programmable synthesizer

Keyboard 49 keys, 4 octaves, C scale

Memory Capacity 64 RAM tone colors 64 ROM tone colors

Panel Switch Section

Group Selector Buttons
Bank Selector Buttons (1 to 8)
Number Selector Buttons (1 to 8)

Tune/Function Button

MIDI Button

Key Transpose Button Data Transfer Button Parameter Selector Button

Value Button Write Button

Tone Modify Mode Buttons (Modulation Rate,

Depth, Brilliance, Envelope Time)

Control Section

α Dial

Volume Knob

Octave Transpose Buttons (Normal, Down)

Portamento Button Chord Memory Button

Pitch Bender/Modulation Lever

Display Window

16 figures, LCD (with light)

Indicators

Key Transpose Indicator

Octave Transpose Indicators (Normal, Down)

Portamento Indicator Chord Memory Indicator

Rear Panel

Output Jacks (Mono, Stereo)

Headphones Jack (8 to 150 Ω at Stereo)

Hold Pedal Jack

Pedal Switch Jack

Foot Control Jack

Save Jack

Load Jack

Memory Protect Switch

MIDI Connectors (IN, OUT, THRU)

Power Switch

Dimensions $802(W) \times 240(D) \times 79(H) \text{ mm}$

311/2"(W) × 91/2"(D) × 31/8"(H)

Weight 5.4kg/11 lb 14 oz

Consumption 12W

Accessories Music Rest

Connection Cable LP-25 (X1)

OPTIONS

Stereo Headphones RH-10 Expression Pedal EV-5

Pedal Switch DP-2, FS-1

Stand KS-6 Carrying Case AB-3

MIDI/SYNC Cable MSC-07, 15, 25, 50, 100

#2 Received if the corresponding function switch is ON.
#3 The Foot Control can be recognized specifically when
AFTER is relected in the FOOT CNT function and AFTER
in the MIDI function is on, and works just like the

MODEL JU-1 MIDI Implementation

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001 man	Sacond 	Third	Description Note ON		*1					a also recogni	zed as ALL NOTES O
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<u>:</u>	Foot Contro	1 (*********	** ; 6 - 127 ; ****** ;					16		lp tion	
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C - G3 (TONE NAME table)

a-A 16-Q 32-g 48-e

i-B 17-R 33-h 49-x

2-C 18-S 34-i 50-y

3-D 19-T 35-j 51-z

4-k 20-u 36-x 52-0

5-F 21-V 37-i 53-i

5-F 21-V 37-i 53-i

5-F 22-W 38-s 54-2

7-H 23-X 39-s 55-3

8-i 24-Y 48-o 55-4

9-3 25-Z 41-p 57-5

10-K 26-x 42-c 58-6

11-i 27-b 43-r 59-7

12-M 23-c 44-s 68-8

13-N 20-d 45-i 61-9

14-0 30-e 68-e 68-s
                                  36 - 45
TONE NAME
                                  46,47 reserved
48 TONE MODIFY
(ignored if received)
                                                                                                                             0 = ENV TIME (Increment)
1 = BRILLIANCE (Increment)
2 = MOD DEPTH (Increment)
3 = MOD RATE (Increment)
16 = ENV TIME (decrement)
17 = BRILLIANCE (decrement)
18 = MOD DEPTH (decrement)
18 = MOD RATE (decrement)
18 = MOD RATE (decrement)
3.3 Bulk Dump (BLD)
                     Hulk Dump has no relation with the EXCL in the MIDI function. When the 'HATA TRANSFER Button', 'WRITE Button' and 'BOLK DOMP Button' are pressed.
                                                                                      Description
                                                                        Reclusive status
Reland 10 M
Operation code = BLD (bulk dump)
Unit # = MUD1 basic channel, nnon = 0 - 15
where nnon + 1 = channel #
Formal type ( 3U-1, 3U-2 )
Level # = 1
Croup #
Extension of program #
Program B ( pppppp n = 4 : n = 0 - 15 )
4 sets of TONE data ( 256 bytes )
                       » 1111 8920
5 0190 0001
c 001: 8111
d 0000 none
                        e 0018 0011
f 2010 0002
g 0003 0001
h 0008 0000
i 00pp pppp
j 0000 11(t
                        k lill Oill End of System Exclusive
           Notes:
The Program # ()) depresents the first TONE number of the TONE data sets ().
The 4 sets of TONE data are sequencially transmitted.
TONE data is sent in four-bit nibbles, right justified, least significant nibble sent first.
Each TONE data consists of 32 bytes.
The Bulk Dump message repeats 16 times.
                        *TONE data format
                      8123456789811234567898122222345678981
```

*** : 0, ignored if received

Switch bit 0 = DFF 1 = ON CHORUS DCO ENV MODE ENV normal ENV inverted ENV normal with dynamics ENV inverted with dynamics 1 0 i VCF ENV MODE ENV normal ENV inverted ENV normal with dynamics dynamics 505 506 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 VCA ENV MODE ENV CATE ENV with dynamics CATE with dynamics 618 611 612 b13 b14 8 8 9 1 1 9 DCO WAVEFORM PULSE 515 516 19 8 0 1 1 0 1 t HPF CUTOFF FREQ 617 518 6 9 9 1 1 9 1 1 4° 8° 16° 32° DCO RANGE 619 520 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 DCO SUB LEVEL b21 522 DCO NOISE LEVEL c7 c6 c5 c4 c3 c2 c1 c8 CHORUS RATE

RECOGNIZED EXCLUSIVE MESSAGES

*Received If EXCL in the MIDI function is an.

4.1 All Tone Parameters without Tone names (APR)

	Byte	Description
а	1111 0000	Exclusive status
ъ	8188 8881	Roland ID #
c	0011 0101	Operation code = APR (all parameters)
₫	ф000 плпл	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, mann = 0 - 15 where mann # 1 = channel #
е	6010 0011	Format type (3U-1, JU-2)
i.	9919 6999	Level # = 1
4	0000 0001	Group #
h	BAAA AAAA	Value (0 - 127)
		In sequence (36 bytes total)
	1111 0111	End of System Exclusive

4.2 Bulk Dump (BLD)

Bulk Duep has no relation with the EXCL in the MIDI function. When the 'DATA TRANSPER Button', 'WRITE Button' and 'BULK LOAD Button' are pressed.

	Byte	Description
2	1111 0000	Exclusive status
ъ	6166 6661	Reland ID #
c	2011 2111	Operation code = BLD (bulk dump)
d	6969 nana	Unit # = MID(basic channe), nnnn = 8 - 15 where nnnn + 1 = channel #
		whole trues at t = cuarrest &
e	ente noti	Format type (JU-1, JU-2)
f	0000 0100	Level # = 1
8	6060 0001	Group #
ĥ	9999 9999	Extension of program #
- 6	бирр ррур	Program #
	1111 9999	Some sats of TONE data
k	1111 9111	End of Syxtem Exclusive

Notes :
The Program # is recognized as the first TONE number
of the TONE data sets.
32 bytes are recognized as a set of TONE data.
TONE data is received in four-bit nibbles, right
justified, least significant nibble received first.
See 3.3 Bulk Dump, to understand the TONE data format.

- 4.3 Other Exclusive messages are described in section 3.
- HANDSHAKING COMMUNICATION S.
- 5.1 Message type
- 5.1.1 Want to send a file (WSF)

	Ву	18	Description
	1111		Exclusive status
	0100 0100		Roland 1D # Operation code = WSF
d	9898	nnna	Unit # = MIDI basic channel, nann = 0 - 15 where nann + 1 = channel #
	9 919 1111		Format type (JC-1,JU-2) End of System Exclusive

5.1.2 Request a lile (RQF)

	Byte	Description
2	1111 0000	Exclusive status
ъ	9170 6901	Reland ID #
6	8100 8681	Operation code = ROF
đ	இத்தேதி நடிக்க	Unit # = MID† basic channel, noon = 0 ~ 15
		where nama + 1 = channel #
	9919 9911	Format type (JU-1, JU-2)
f	1111 8111	End of System Exclusive

5. 1. 3 Data (DAT)

	Byte	Description
	1111 6000	Exclusive status
- 5	0100 0001	Roland ID #
c	0100 0010	Operation code = DAT
હ	0000 nnna	Unit S = MID: basic channel, nana = 0 - 15
		where nnnn + 1 = channel #
8	0010 0011	Format type (JU-1, JU-2)
1	9999 tttt	4 sets of TONE data (256 byles)
	1	
	8222 2228	Check sum
h	1111 6111	Fort of System Exclusive

Notes:
TONE data is sent in four-bit nibbles, right justified,
loast significant nibble sent first.
See 3.3 Belk Dump, to understand the TONE data format.

Summed value of the all bytes in data and the check sum must be 0 (7bits).

5. 1. 4 Acknowledge (ACK)

	By	te	Description
	1111	0000	Exclusive status
ь	0100	8981	Roland ID #
c	8188	0011	Operation code = ACK
d	9996	anan	Unit W = MIDI basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 1
			where nnnn + 1 = channel #
ě	9016	0011	Format type (JU-1, JU-2)
	1111	0111	End of System Exclusive

5.1.5 End of file (EOF)

Byte		e.	Description		
	1111	9999	Exclusive status		
	0190		Roland ID #		
c	0169	0101	Operation code = EOF		
d	6090	pan pan	Unit # = MID! basic channel, nnen = 0 - 15		
			where aman + 1 = channel #		
e	6010	8811	Format type (JU-1, JU-2)		
ť	1111	0111	End of System Exclusive		

E. 1. S Communication error (ERR)

Byta	Description		
a 1111 9000	Exclusive status		
b 6160 8881	Roland IS #		
c 0100 1110	Operation code = ERR		
d 0000 nana	Unit # = MID1 basic channel, nnnn = 0 - 15		
	where nmnn + 1 = channel #		
0 0010 0011	Format type (JU-1, JU-2)		
f 1161 0111	End of System Exclusive		

5.1.7 Rejection (RJC)

Byto	Description
a 1111 9898	Exclusive status
ъ 0100 0001	Reland ID #
c 0109 1111	Operation code = RJC
d 0000 nnnn	Unit # = MID1 basic channel, anno = 8 - 15 where noon + 1 = channel #
a 0010 0011 1 1111 0111	Format type (JU-1,3U-2) End of System Exclusive

5.2 Sequence of communication

S. 2. 1 In the 'Dump' mode.

	this unit	тезваке	objective unit
		WSF>	ROF)
		EAT> < ACY :	
		DAT>	
		EOF>	
5. 2. 2 In the	'Load' mode. this unit	message	objective unit
		BGk>	
		RGF>	
		(<	
		< WSF ACK>) < DAT ACK>	

Notes:

- * This unit sends RJC and the sequence is discontinued when it receives ERR or detects some error.
- * This unit sends RJC when the sequence is discontinued manually.
- \boldsymbol{z} This unit stops the sequence if the unit receives RJC.

JU-1 MIDI Implementation Chart MODEL

	Function	Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changed	1 - 16 1 - 16	1 - 16 1 - 16	memorized
Mode	Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 POLY, OMNI OFF *******	Mode 1, 3 MONO, POLY, OMNI ON/0 MONO(m \(\pi\)1)→Mode 1, 3	
Note Number	True voice	12 - 108 ******	0 - 127 12 - 108	
Velocity	Note ON Note OFF	* × 9n v = 0	○ v = 1–127 ×	The velocity value can be changed by FOOT CONTROL volume.
After Touch	Key's Ch's	××	× *	
Pitch Bende	er	*	* 0 - 12 semi	9 bit resolution
Control Change	1 4 5 7 64 65	* * * * * *	* * * * * * *	Modulation Foot Control Portamento Time Volume Hold Portamento Switch
Prog Change	True #	* 0-127 ******	* 0 - 127 0 - 127	
System Excl	lusive	*	*	
System Common	Song Pos Song Sel Tune	× × ×	× × ×	
System Real Time	Clock Commands	××	× ×	
Mes- A	ocal ON/OFF II Notes OFF ctive Sense eset	× () (123) × ×	○ ○ (123 - 127) ○ ×	memorized
Notes		* : Can be set to⊙or × m	nanually, and memorized.	

Mode 3 : OMNI OFF, POLY

Mode 1 : OMNI ON, POLY Mode 2 : OMNI ON, MONO Mode 4 : OMNLOFF, MONO O : Yes X : No

